P-OP-08

The Characterization of the Witness Sample testing for the Outgassing Qualification of EUV Resists





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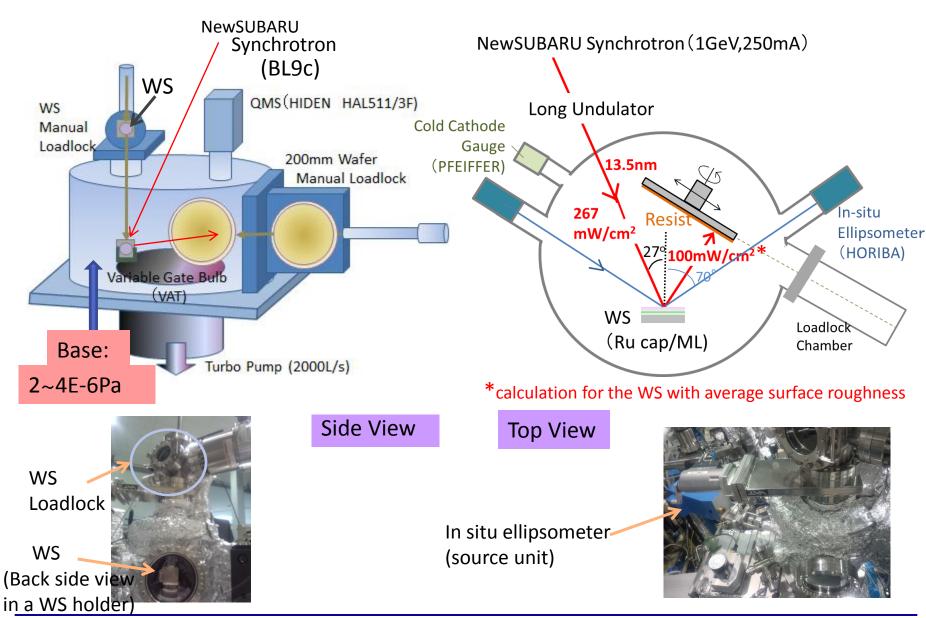
Objective of this Work

- Verify the feasibility of HERC (High power EUV Resist Contamination) analysis tool of EIDEC.
- Investigate the parameter of EUV exposure condition which relates to the contamination growth (CG) on the Witness Sample (WS).
- Examine the effects of resist components to the CG.



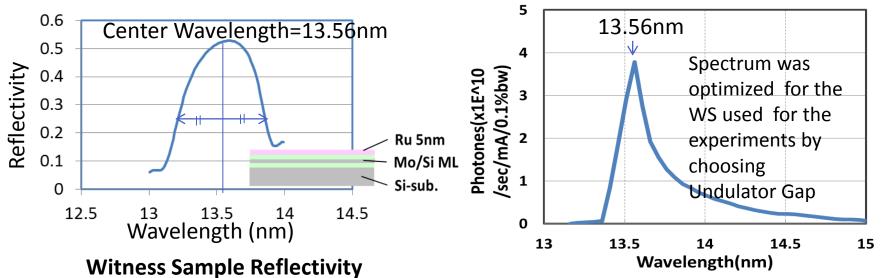


HERC (High power EUV Resist Contamination) analysis tool

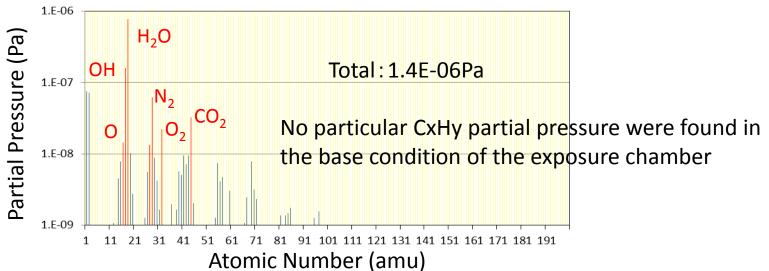




Illumination setup of Witness Sample (WS)



(Measured by Reflectometer at BL10) BL9c EUV Spectrum exposed on Witness Sample



Base Partial Pressure of HERC chamber



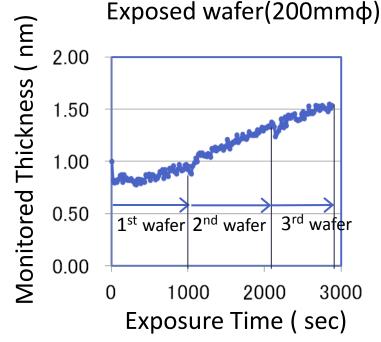


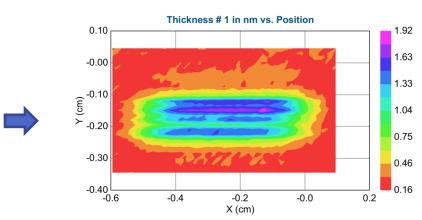
Exposed resist and observed contamination on Witness Sample



86% area of a 200mm φ is exposed by moving wafer stage relative to the synchrotron beam

2.7x200mmф wafers were exposed for the equivalent area of 1x300mmф full wafer.





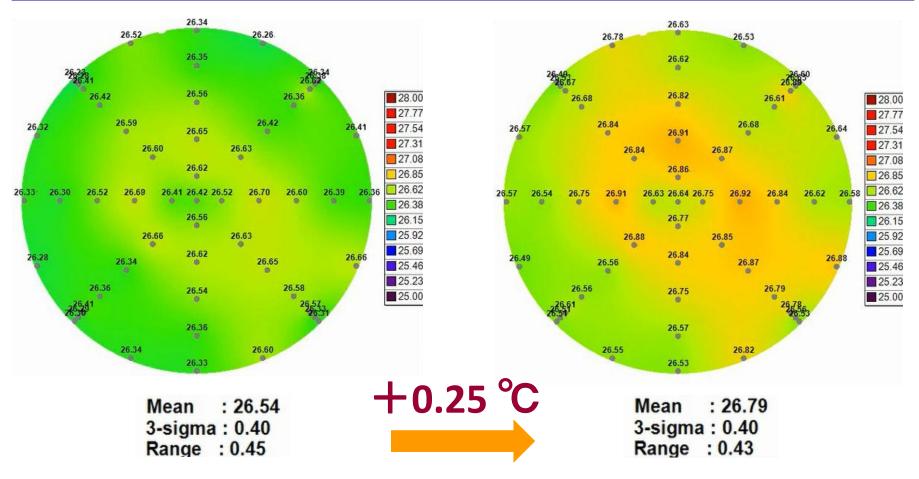
Offline SE measurement of Carbon contamination by Woollam M-2000X

Carbon contamination thickness measured on a WS during exposure by in-situ ellipsometer





Wafer temperature during exposure



At the beginning of the exposure

After 20 min. of exposure

Wafer Temperature change was negligible during the exposure.





Evaluated Resists (I) PAG Anion Size Variation

| Sample | Polymer | PAG cation | PAG anion (Relative size) | Sensitivity (mJ/cm²) |
|--------|----------------------------|-----------------|--|----------------------|
| Α | ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ | | CF ₃ SO ₃ - (1.0) | 5.4 |
| В | O O OH | S ⁺ | C ₄ F ₉ SO ₃ - (2.1) | 4.7 |
| С | PHS-Methacrylate Hybrid | Small cation | OCH ₂ SO ₃ - (2.9) | 6.5 |
| D | | | Bulky anion (3.6) | 5.2 |





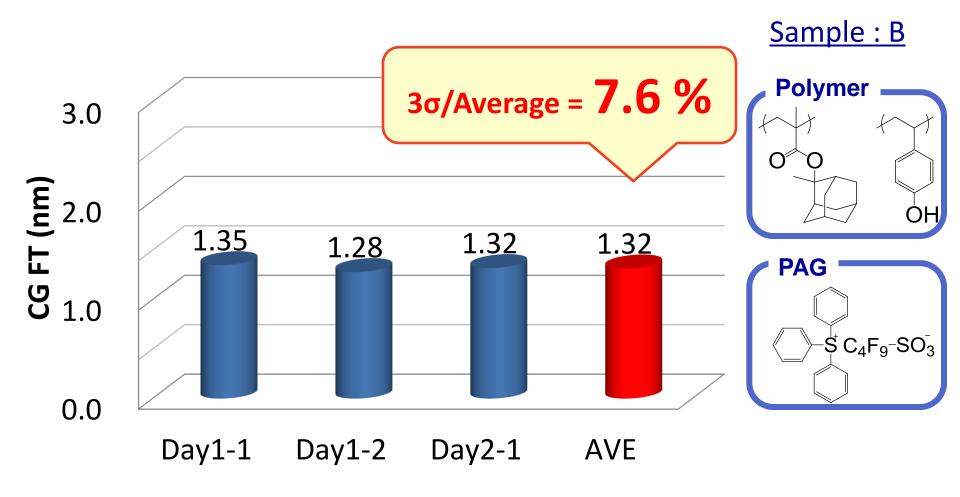
Evaluated Resists (II) Polymer and PAG Cation Variation

| Sample | Polymer | PAG cation | PAG anion (Relative size) | Sensitivity (mJ/cm²) |
|--------|--|---------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| E | O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O | acrylate S+ | $C_4F_0SO_2^-$ | 6.4 |
| F | O _T O _T O OH PHS | | | 4.9 |
| G | | | 3.1 | |
| Н | PHS-Methacrylate Hybrid | -S | | 3.9 |





Reproducibility of Contamination Growth (CG)



Note: All CG data following this slide are scaled to get to 300 mm full wafer exposure.

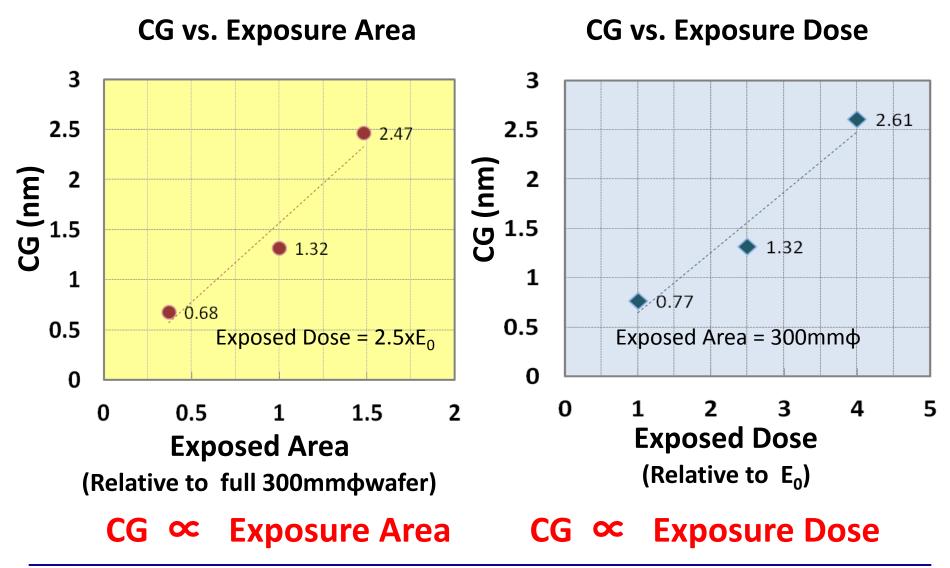
■ HERC analysis tool showed good reproducibility (<10%).





CG vs. Exposing Condition (I)

Sample: B





CG vs. Exposing Power

Photon Intensity on the WS and wafer

Photon Intensity on the WS and Wafer was changed by changing Newsboy (SR) ring current to 75mA, 150mA, 250mA.

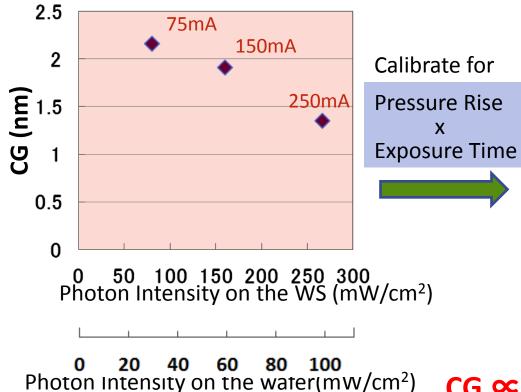
The exposure time also changes for the exposure of 300mm φ area with the dose to resist by 2.5xE $_0$.

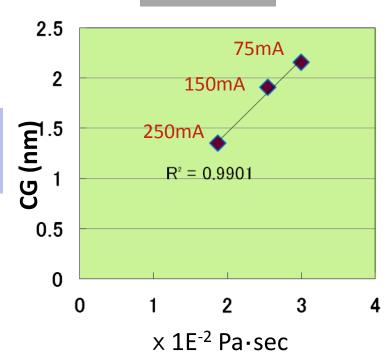
EUV from New SUBARU

<u>Sample : B</u>

Wafer







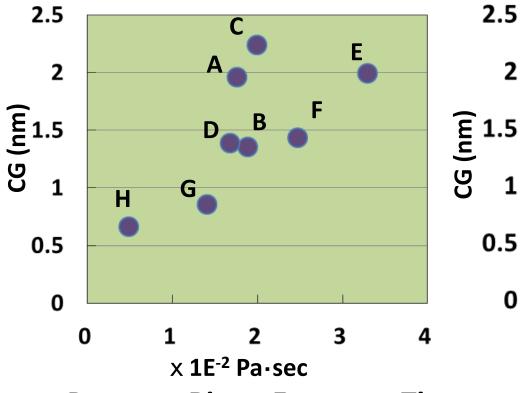
Pressure Rise x Exposure Time

CG ∞ Pressure Rise x Exposure Time



CG vs. Resist Components (I)

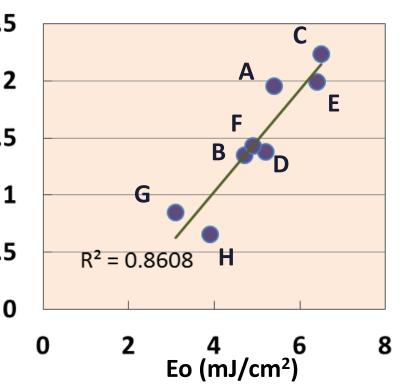




Pressure Rise x Exposure Time

Not a good correlation for Pressure Rise x Exposure Time among different resists

CG vs. Resist Sensitivity



Resist Sensitivity

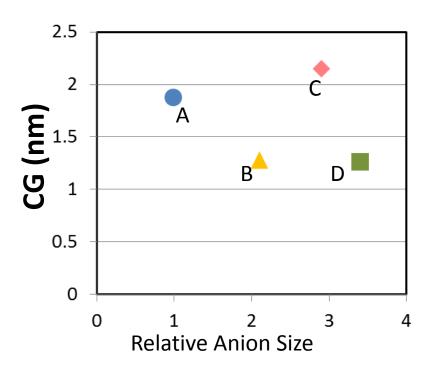
High sensitivity samples resulted in small CG.





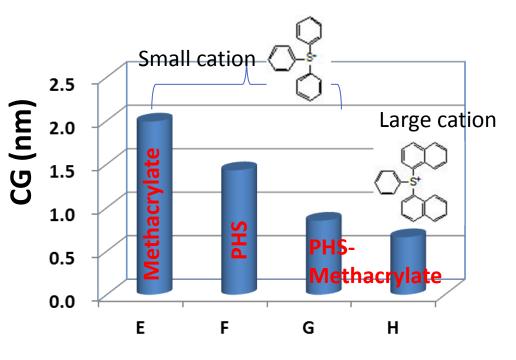
CG vs. Resist Components (II)

Anion size dependency



No Dependency

Polymer and Cation dependency

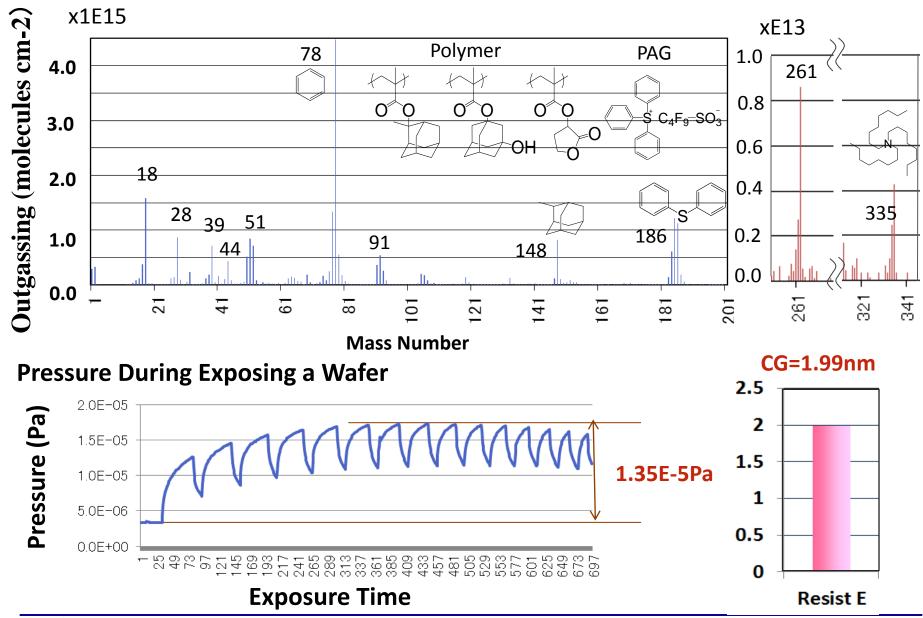


Influence : Polymer > Cation



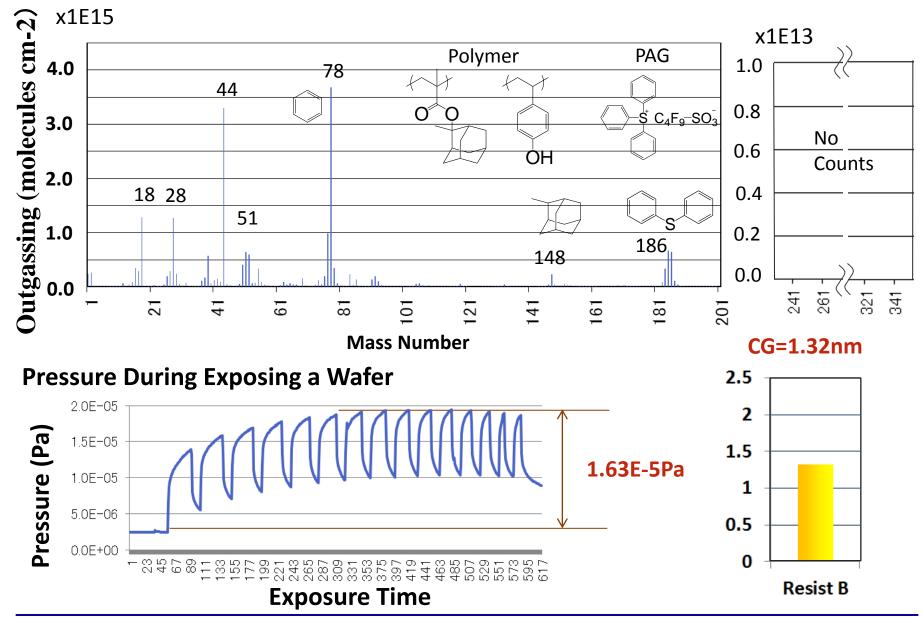


Outgassing Molecular identification of Resist E (Methacrylate)



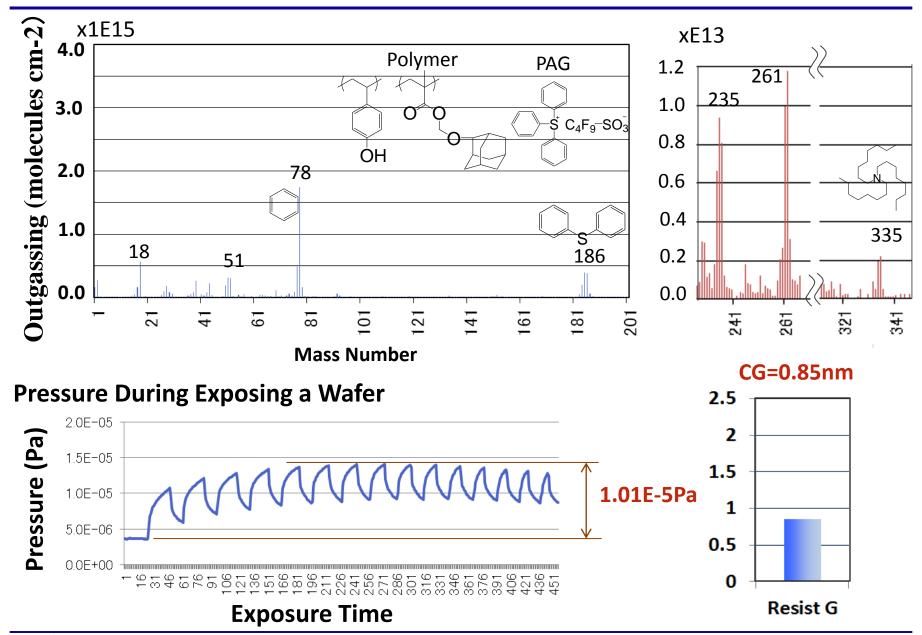


Outgassing Molecular identification of Resist B (PHS-Methacrylate)



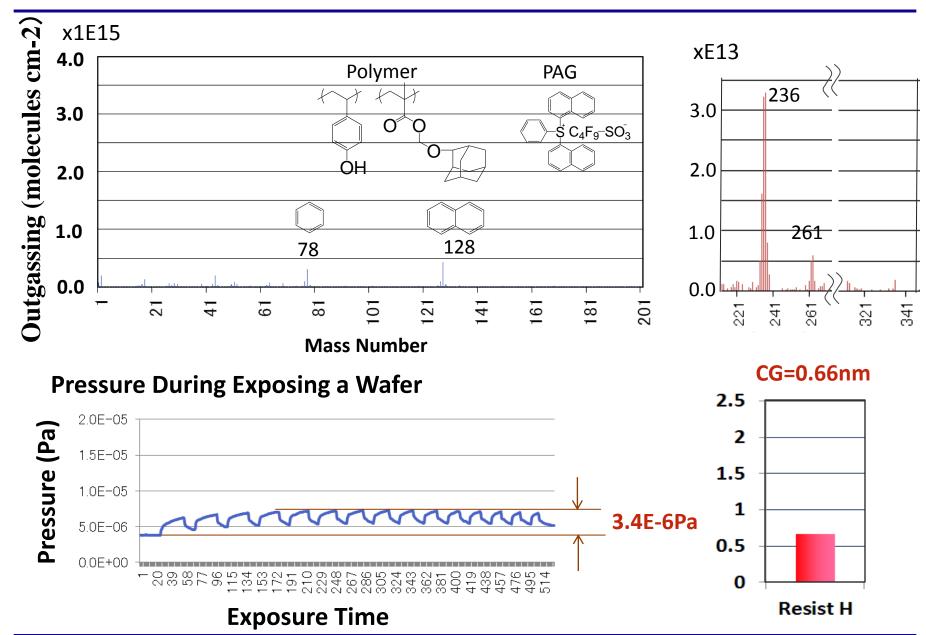


Outgassing Molecular identification of Resist G (w/Small Cation)





Outgassing Molecular identification of Resist H (w/ Large Cation)





Summary

By using **High power EUV Resist Contamination analysis tool HERC**, the behavior of outgassing contamination growth (CG) on the witness samples (WS) composed of Ru capping layer on the top of the Mo/Si multilayer were studied for various exposure conditions and resist components.

It was found that,

- 1. The reproducibility of CG thickness within 10% was confirmed in HERC.
- 2. The **Total-pressure-rise x Exposure-time** well corresponded to the CG in the same resist. But among different resist components, this relation did not work good.
- 3. The **relation of resist components** to CG were examined.

As the results;

Poor correlation for PAG anion size to CG was found.

Correlation for PAG cation size to CG was found.

Correlation for polymer type (or protection group type) to CG was most evident.

4. The **fragments came from PAG cation and protection group** were seen in Mass Spectrum signal taken during the exposure. On the other hand, the fragments from PAG anion were not evident.





Acknowledgement

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